

Craigs Rapid Insights Conference

June 2026



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Contact is one of New Zealand's most significant companies

We own, operate and develop low-cost, long-life renewable generation and storage assets, meeting the evolving needs of our customers



11.8TWh
mean generation¹
~98% renewable



7
geothermal stations
+ 1 under construction



26
hydro schemes



4
controlled storage lakes



2
solar farms under construction



1
battery
+ 1 under construction



3
thermal peaking stations



4
product verticals with electricity, gas, broadband and mobile



684k
total customer connections²



1,405
employees



114
community organisations supported in FY25



>50k
shareholders



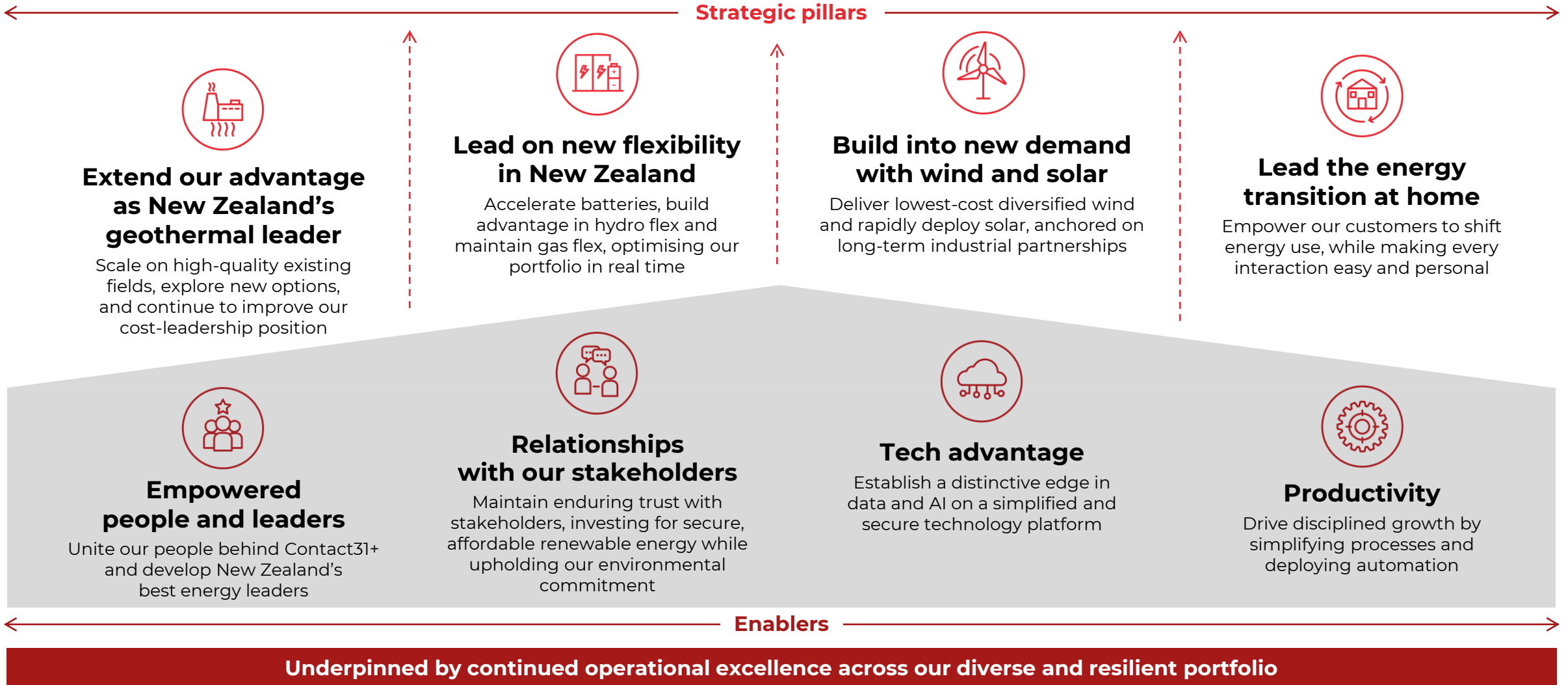
3
debt capital market jurisdictions

Note: All figures, unless specified, as at 31 March 2026.

1. Mean generation volume from Contact's operational plant as well as wind and geothermal PPAs as at the date of this presentation i.e. excludes plant under construction. Volume is based on normal hydro and wind conditions and excludes any assumptions for planned maintenance outages or generation that may be acquired on-market. | 2. Customer connections include Simply Energy connections as at 31 March 2026.

Contact31+

Leading New Zealand's renewable energy future



Market and renewable development updates



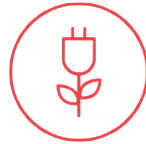
NZ market context: Impacts of energy transition apparent

Gas supply is declining rapidly



Domestic **gas production has fallen 31%** since 2023 (17% CAGR reduction). Recent drilling campaigns have been unable to arrest this trend.

New demand is materialising



Since 2021 (last 5 years) demand growth has averaged 0.5% p.a. **Large-scale committed and prospective new industrial demand** is largely yet to come online.

The electricity market is increasingly renewable



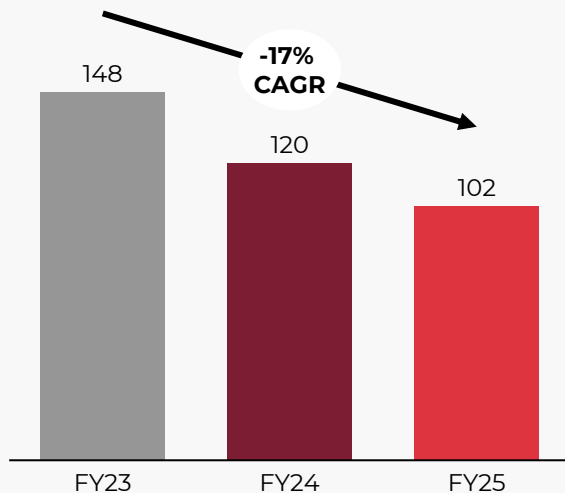
Thermal share of generation ~7% in 1H26, the lowest since the market was introduced. This reflected high hydro inflows and wind conditions during the period and renewable investment in recent years.

Pricing volatility and seasonal spread have increased

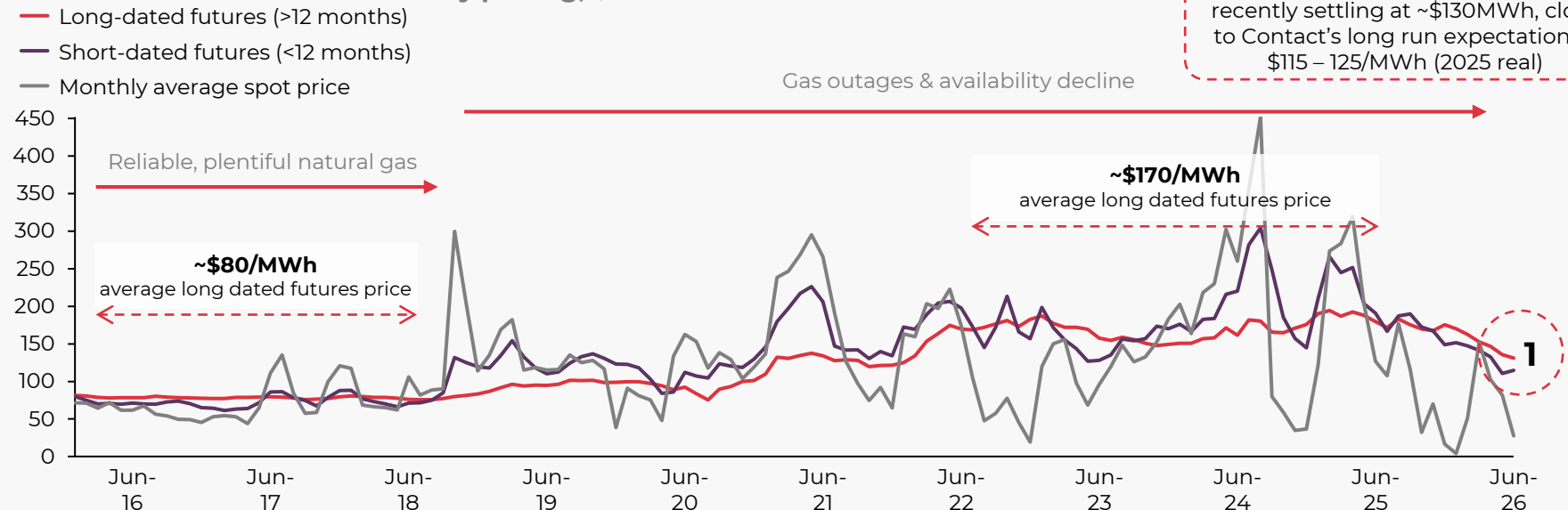


Higher renewable generation is leading to **wider seasonal pricing spreads** as thermal (often the marginal price setter when operational) shifts to operating in winter.

Annual gas production, PJ



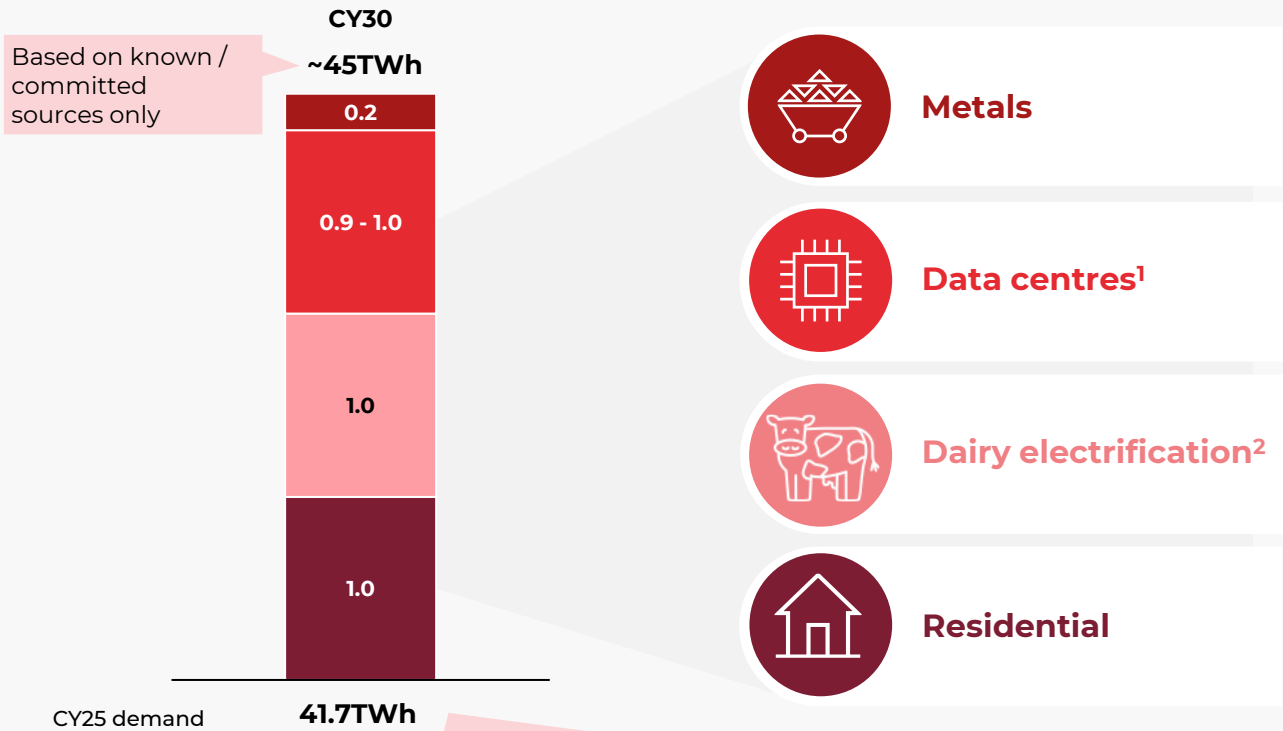
Wholesale and futures electricity pricing, \$/MWh



Over 3TWh of new electricity demand is tied to known and committed sources

Identified projects across the dairy, data centre and metals sectors, alongside continued residential trends, are expected to contribute >3TWh to electricity demand by 2030

Breakdown of known new-to-grid electricity demand in 2030², TWh



Drivers by category / project

Metals

NZ Steel EAF
Supply agreement is now live

Data centres

CDC, 10 Peaks, DCI, Microsoft
Higher utilisation of 6x existing sites and 1x site under construction

Dairy electrification

Whareroa, Edendale, Waitoa³, Edgecumbe

Awarua³

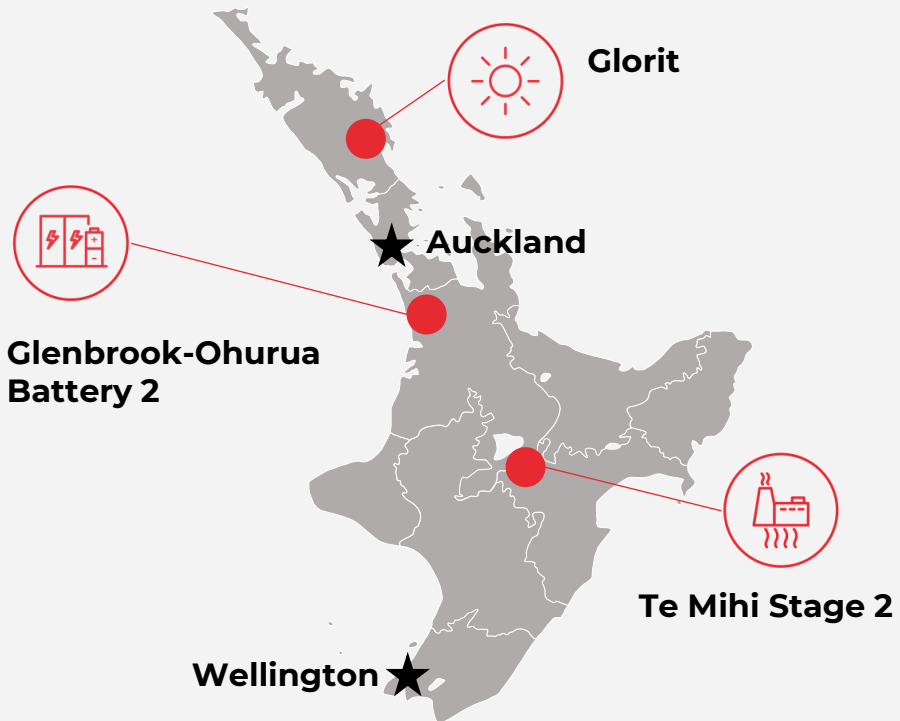
Residential

Population / ICP growth, home electrification & EV demand (net of rooftop PV)

>3TWh of demand

1. Starting estimate of current data centre demand is based on total capacity at existing sites of ~185MW and ~15% average utilisation. Growth estimate assumes these sites ramp up to an average mature load realisation factor of 50% by 2030, with an average power utilisation effectiveness (PUE) factor of 1.4. These assumptions are based on IEA, AEMO and company disclosures. | 2. Where volume of the project is not disclosed, assumed utilisation rate for dairy boilers is 50%. | 3. Although commissioned in late CY25, both Waitoa and Awarua are included as new demand given only a part period of demand is understood to be included in CY25 baseline demand data.

Our committed build programme responds to the known market opportunity



Glorit Solar

150MWac / ~287GWh p.a.
Target online Q4 CY28
Target IRR >12% at FID¹

- Early works underway.
- Notice to Proceed to be issued to EPC in June.²



Glenbrook-Ohurua Battery 2

200MW / 400MWh duration
Target online Q1 CY28
Target IRR >10% at FID³

- Construction underway. Earthworks began March 2026.
- Battery packs under construction with lithium price locked in second half 2025.



Te Mihi Stage 2 Geothermal

101MW / ~840GWh p.a.
 (~200GWh net uplift)⁴
Target online Q3 CY27
Target IRR ~10% at FID³

- EPC siteworks progressing to schedule. Turbines installed.
- Steamfield separator installed.
- Delays being incurred in equipment delivery, in part due to global shipping constraints.
- Target online remains Q3 CY27.

Recent projects – Continuous build programme since 2021



Tauhara
 Online May 2024
+1,430GWh p.a.



Te Huka 3
 Online Dec 2024
+430GWh p.a.



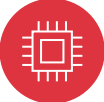
Glenbrook-Ohurua Battery 1
 Online Feb 26
+100MW / 200MWh



Kōwhai Park
 Nearing energisation
+275GWh p.a.


1. Target Contact IRR includes joint venture returns and margin on acquired generation. Return on acquired generation will ultimately depend on sales channel and market conditions. | 2. Bank facilities have now been executed, with remaining lender conditions precedent being completed in coming days. | 3. Representing target ungeared project IRRs. | 4. Indicative average uplift from new generation accounting for the planned partial closure of Wairakei geothermal station.


Beyond known committed projects, opportunities for new electricity demand exist at scale across key sectors

 **Data Centres**


Additional potential data centre demand could add **4-5TWh¹** from two sources:


Major existing operators²,
disclosed uncommitted pipeline


 **126MW**


 **Ten Peaks**
130MW

Other large potential operators²,
disclosed uncommitted pipeline


 **15MW**

 **280MW**

 **150MW**


 **Electrification of dairy³**

Fonterra has committed to eliminating coal use by 2037


Dairy for life

It is estimated that this requires **1.8TWh** of energy to replace.⁴

Completely shifting away from all fossil fuels could require **4.6TWh** of energy (including known and committed biomass and electricity conversions not yet commissioned by FY25).⁴

 **Metals**

Major Metals projects

Reopening of NZAS Line 4 potline*

>50MW | 400GWh

Estimated load
* see update on slide 13

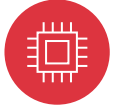
National Green Steel EAF
Consented via fast-track

~56MW

The Contact31+ strategy includes delivering lowest-cost diversified wind and rapidly deployed solar, anchored on long-term industrial partnerships. Recognising that some of the indicative opportunities illustrated here are large-scale and binary, in the event *all* should proceed, we estimate that they could contribute up to **~8TWh** of additional demand **beyond already committed projects.**

1. For data centres we typically assume an average power usage effectiveness (PUE) factor of 1.4 and a mature load realisation factor of 50%. | 2. All project capacity is sourced from company presentations, except for Goodman Property Trust which is sourced from its announcements on the Penrose campus and Transpower grid planning queue. | 3. It is expected a portion of load from shifting dairy manufacturing away from coal will go to biomass. | 4. Based on manufacturing fuel use disclosure in Fonterra's FY25 Climate Statement. Suitability for electrification to be confirmed.

Contact can draw on its deep set of enabling capabilities to support customer energy transition and growth



Data Centres



Electrification of dairy



Metals

Contact has deep enabling capabilities as a long-term energy market participant, leading developer of renewable energy projects and an intergenerational partner to tangata whenua and local communities



Tangata whenua relationships



Environmental stewardship



Grid / network connectivity



Fuel flexibility management



Local government engagement



Sustainable business practices



Planning and project governance



Energy firming and resilience



Community involvement



Consenting processes





Local contracting relationships



Flexible load contracting

New Zealand is an internationally competitive location for large-scale data centres hosting AI workloads

Investment drivers	Key components	New Zealand's competitive position (BCG analysis)	
 Rapid speed	Grid connection	↑	1-3 years for grid connection vs 2-5+ years for other developed countries
	Permitting	↑	Fast track permitting programmes for infrastructure, including data centres
	Generation supply	↑	Generation to power ~1GW DC equivalent under construction / shovel-ready
 Competitive cost	Energy	↑	100% firming contracts at US\$60-80/MWh ; lowest-cost developed country in APAC
	Land	↑	Abundant land ; 10% larger than UK & only 5m people; cost on par with peers
	Construction	↔	Construction cost on par with peers
 Advantaged sites	Transmission availability	↑	>1GW of grid capacity available within 1-2 years across 6 advantaged zones ¹
	Connectivity	↔	4 existing subsea cables; 4 new cables under development, including by Google
	Climate, water & resources	↑	Abundant water ; mild climate enables cooling efficiency
 Supportive policy	Taxes, duties & tariffs	↑	Low/zero tariff ; 20% immediate CAPEX depreciation; favorable thin cap
	Business environment	↑	1st in Ease of Doing Business Index globally
 Sustainable & secure	Energy sustainability	↑	95%+ renewable electricity supply by 2027 – 1 of 3 developed countries
	Data security	↑	1 of only 7 non-EU countries recognised by EU for adequate data protection
	Political stability	↑	Very low risk; Moody's AAA ; 2nd in Global Democracy Index

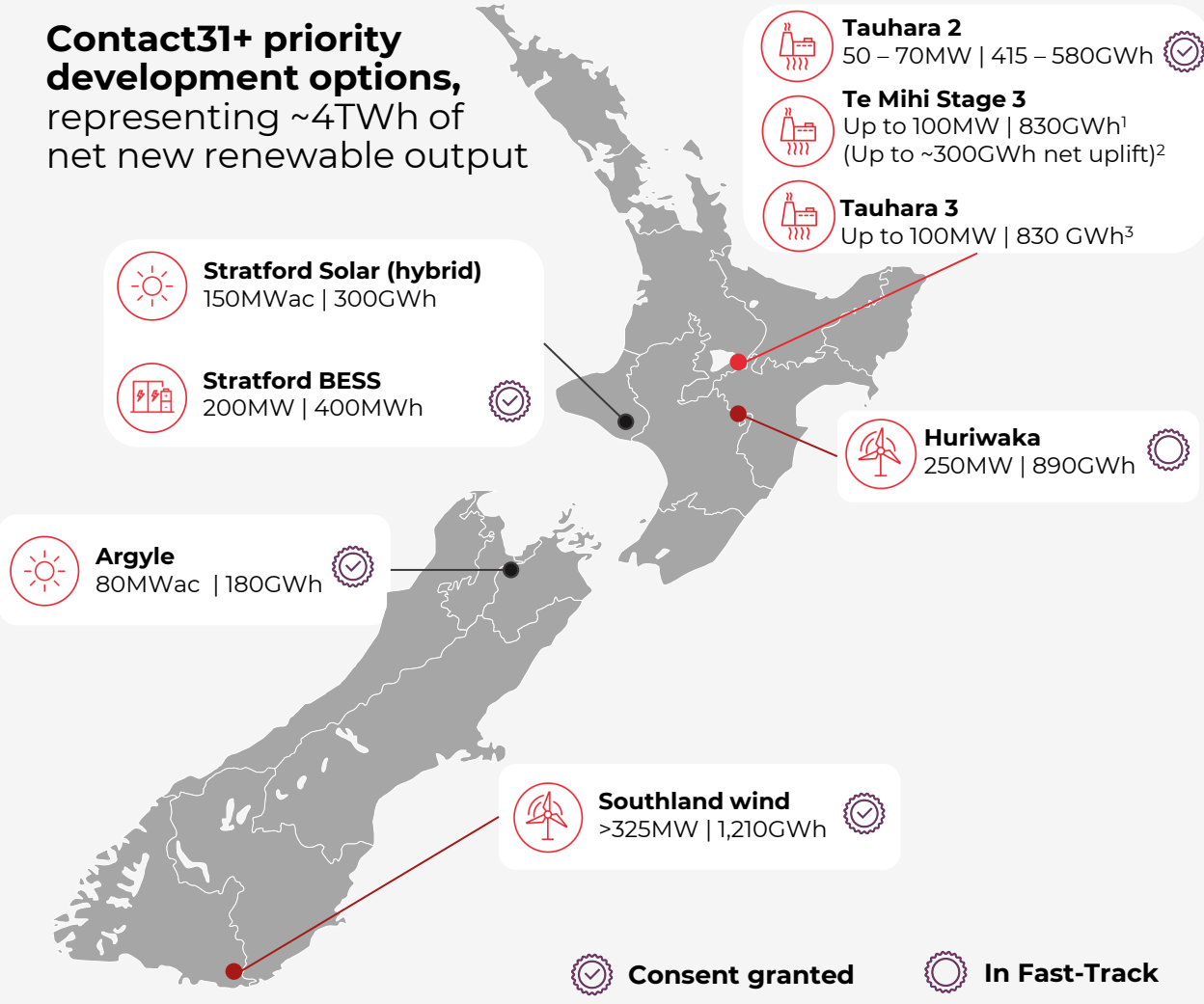
Source: BCG discussion pack "New Zealand: Destination for Data"

¹ North Waikato, Taupo, Taranaki, Manawatu, South Canterbury, Central Otago.

We are advancing 4TWh+ of priority development options to meet new demand opportunities

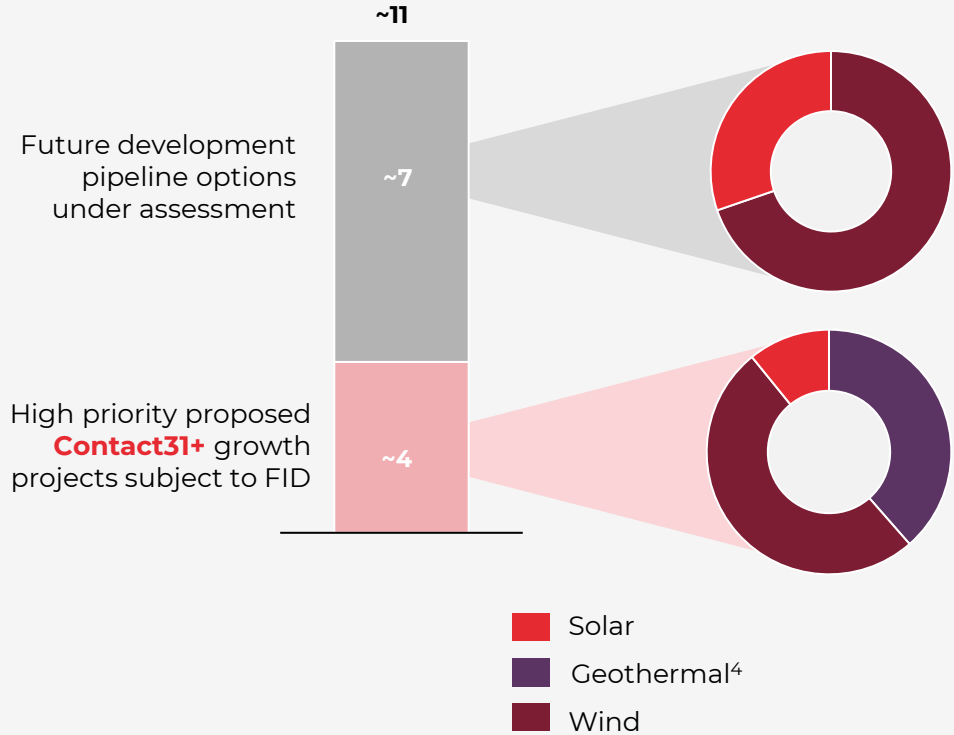
And can draw additional projects from our 11TWh+ total pipeline to meet acceleration in customer needs

Contact31+ priority development options, representing ~4TWh of net new renewable output



Total uncommitted generation pipeline of 11TWh+, provides optionality to accelerate with demand

Renewable generation development pipeline options, TWh



1. Ultimate size is subject to additional consented mass-take. | 2. Represents potential net uplift in output after accounting for the planned closure of the Wairakei geothermal station. | 3. Fluid take is partially consented. Ultimate size is dependent on additional land access and consented mass-take. | 4. Te Mihi Stage 3 is included on a net uplift basis.

Pathway in place for NZAS to act as a long-term customer underpinning Contact's TTWh+ Southland Wind Farm

Contact is advancing its strategic partner identification process and targeting mid-2027 for a Final Investment Decision



Consent granted

- **Consent approved April 2026.**
- **Up to 55 Turbines, >325MW** total capacity.
- Average annual output expected to be >1,210GWh p.a.



Strategic partner RFI process advancing

- **Specialised infrastructure advisor, Mafic, appointed** to run identification and selection process for a strategic partner for Contact's extensive wind pipeline.
- **RFI released to the market April 2026.**
- High level of interest received from a range of credible parties – assessments underway.



LOI with Rio Tinto

- Non-binding letter of intent(LOI) signed with Rio Tinto for a PPA to support the **potential restart of 50MW line 4 potline at NZAS.¹**
- **Credible baseload partner** helping to underpin Southland Wind Farm (if approved).

Construction to get underway on Glorit Solar in June, bringing new renewable generation to market¹

Contact has already contracted over 500GWh p.a. of new summer-weighted load in the dairy sector

Key investment metrics – expected (Contact)

Generation under PPA to Contact | **80% of output ~230GWh p.a.**
(Remainder sold merchant within JV)

Contact PPA term | **15 years**

Contact target IRR² | **Over 12%**

Key investment metrics – expected (Project)



Capacity / output

~150MWac
~287GWh p.a.



Project costs³

~\$316M ★
~\$2M/MWac
>70% project financed



Operating cost and SIB capex

~\$20/MWh p.a. (real)



Target schedule

Online Q4 CY2028 ★



★ Updated since Contact's final investment decision in February 2026.

Strategic benefits

✓ **Upper North Island generation, close to load, benefits GWAP and the settlement under the PPA**

✓ **Connection into strong point on transmission grid**

✓ **Site consented for DC-coupled BESS⁴; future option to incorporate BESS is maintained**

✓ **Speed to market to support >500GWh of contracted new summer-weighted demand**

✓ **Delivers on the combined strengths within Contact's JV with Lightsource bp**

✓ **Comprehensive EPC contract with EPC JV holding a strong track record of delivery**

✓ **JV structure (50/50) and >70% project finance reduces Contact's required total capital outlay**

1. Bank facilities have now been executed, with remaining lender conditions precedent being completed in coming days. Early works underway and Notice to Proceed will be issued to EPC in June. | 2. Includes joint venture returns and margin on acquired generation. Return on acquired generation will ultimately depend on sales channel and market conditions. | 3. Includes development costs. Indirect overheads and financing costs of ~\$45M excluded. | 4. Battery Energy Storage System.

Next priority: Securing the value of Contact's highly strategic Stratford site

Following the February 2026 closure of Contact's Taranaki Combined Cycle baseload gas plant (TCC), Contact is prioritising options that will leverage the unique combination of site resources and support growth in the Taranaki region

Hybrid solar farm in consenting



150MWac / 300GWh p.a. solar farm, with DC coupled batteries potentially providing up to 750MWh storage.¹

Grid-scale batteries consented



500MW grid-scale battery capacity consented.
A future option for intra-day firming as intermittent generation grows.

Existing on-site firming capacity



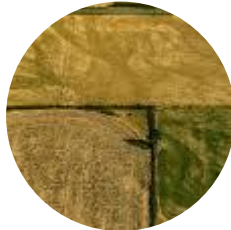
200MW of fast-start gas peaking capacity.
Supported by long-term gas contracts and access to Ahuroa Gas Storage facility.

Available transmission capacity



350MW transmission capacity available within 1-2 years with minimal substation work.
600MW expected to be available within 2-3 years following planned upgrades.²

Land owned and under option



Existing site complemented by significant adjacent land options.
Able to support scalable renewable and load growth opportunities.

Long-term member of the community



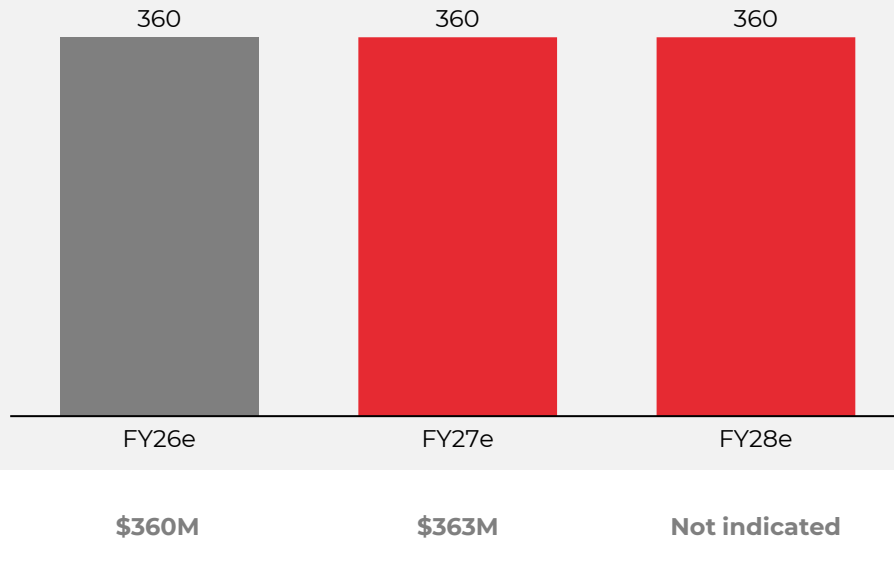
50 years operating in the Stratford community.
Long-standing relationships with local stakeholders including councils and tangata whenua.

1. Based on batteries with 5-hour duration. | 2. BCG analysis based on Transpower data and disclosures.

Contact's continued growth will be disciplined, with simplified processes and deployment of automation

Achievement of Manawa cost synergies – and early progress on productivity initiatives – support a commitment to delivering and maintaining **\$360M nominal base operating expense** in each of **FY26, FY27 and FY28**

Base operating expense expectations, \$M



Signalled in November 2025:

Base operating expense is before:

- One-off transaction and integration costs associated with the July 2025 acquisition of Manawa Energy Limited.
- Any SAAS costs that may be associated with investment in Contact's future retail platform.
 - Any SAAS implementation costs recognised as operating expense would be offset by a commensurate reduction in the pre-signaled maintenance capex associated with Contact31+ enablement.

We've laid the groundwork and have a clear vision for success through Contact31+



Most diversified generation portfolio in New Zealand with mean output ~**98% renewable**¹



New Zealand's leader in geothermal operations and development having brought a total 225MW of new geothermal plant online in the last 2 years



Largest national renewable pipeline² with 11TWh+ of uncommitted geothermal, wind and solar development options



Trusted retailer with leading cost-to-serve, 30% lower than peers³

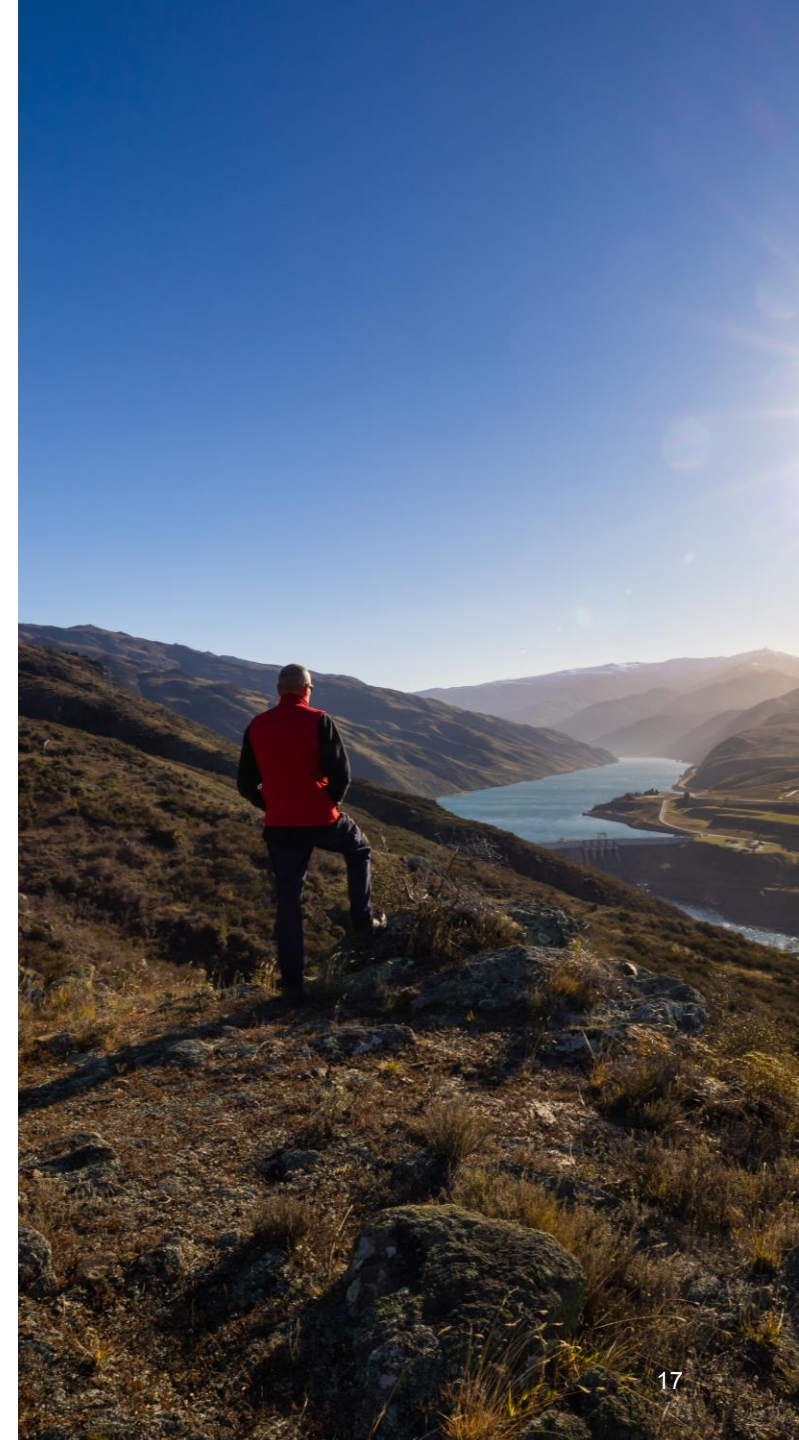


Track record of performance having delivered 13% p.a. total shareholder return in the last 5 years and outperforming EBITDAF guidance every year⁴



Strong balance sheet to support growth, with average S&P net debt / EBITDAF ratio expected to remain in Contact's target range of 2.6x – 2.8x over the medium term

1. Based on long-run mean year output from Contact's current operational asset base. | 2. When comparing pipelines across the market, Contact excludes 3rd party solar purchases, pre-pipeline opportunities and other prospects where access is not yet secured. | 3. Based on total retail opex per connection in FY25. | 4. Reflects FY21 to FY25 period on both measures. Total shareholder return is a compound annual growth rate.



Appendix



Contact31+ will deliver the highest value outcomes for our investors and for NZ

Strategic pillar

FY31 Targets, Subject to future investment decisions
Does not include potential upside from acceleration options in the event a high market demand scenario materialises

Geothermal

- 250MW geothermal delivered or committed¹
- FID on Tauhara 3¹
- 50MW+ greenfield options

Flex

- 500MW of batteries online¹, with a further 500MW consented
- Long-term renewable flex options developed
- FY31+ peaking strategy developed

Wind and solar

- 500+ MW wind delivered or committed¹
- 450 MWac solar delivered¹
- 1+ TWh industrial energy demand electrified

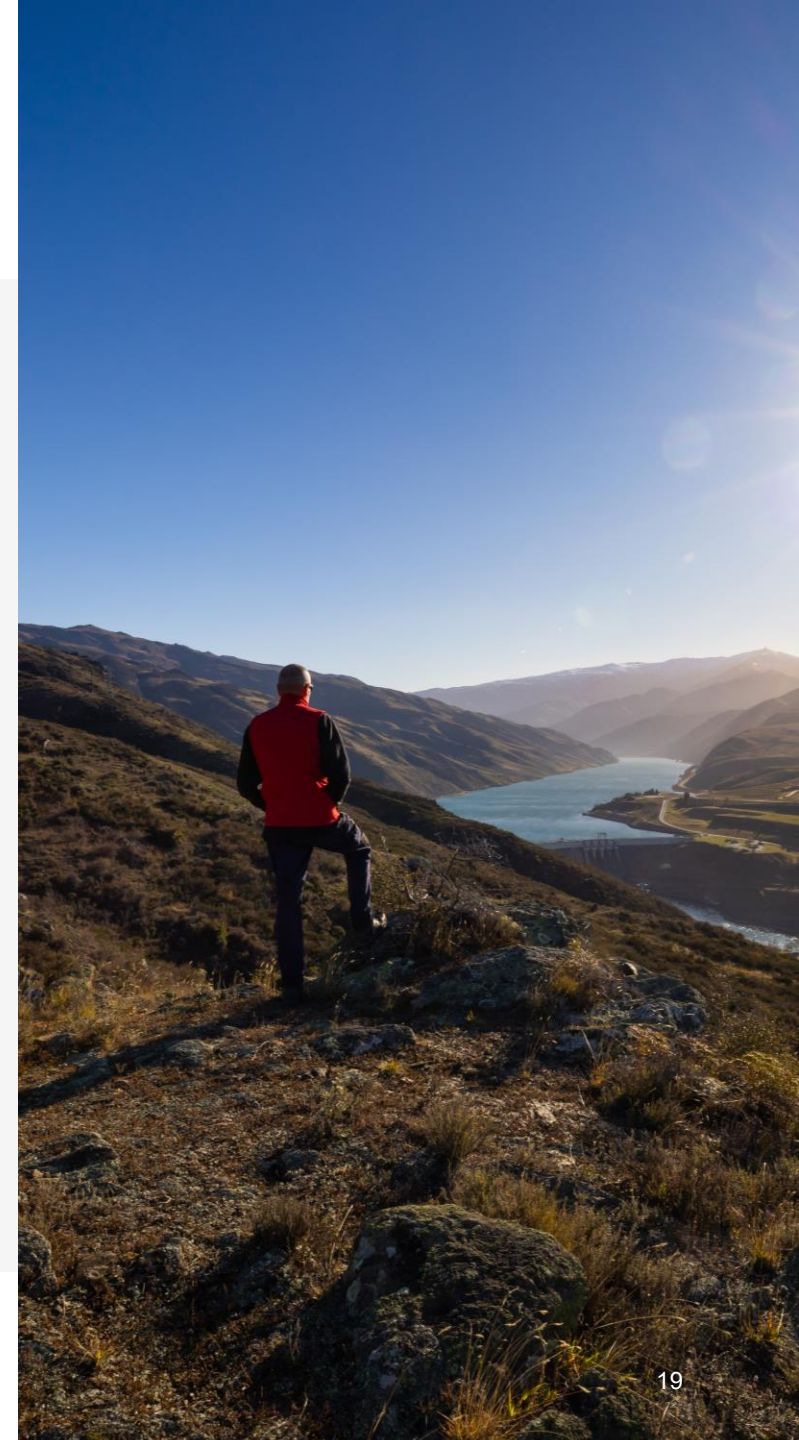
Home

- All customers live on modern retail platform
- Cost-to-serve \$90 per customer²
- 65MW retail demand flex under management

Financial

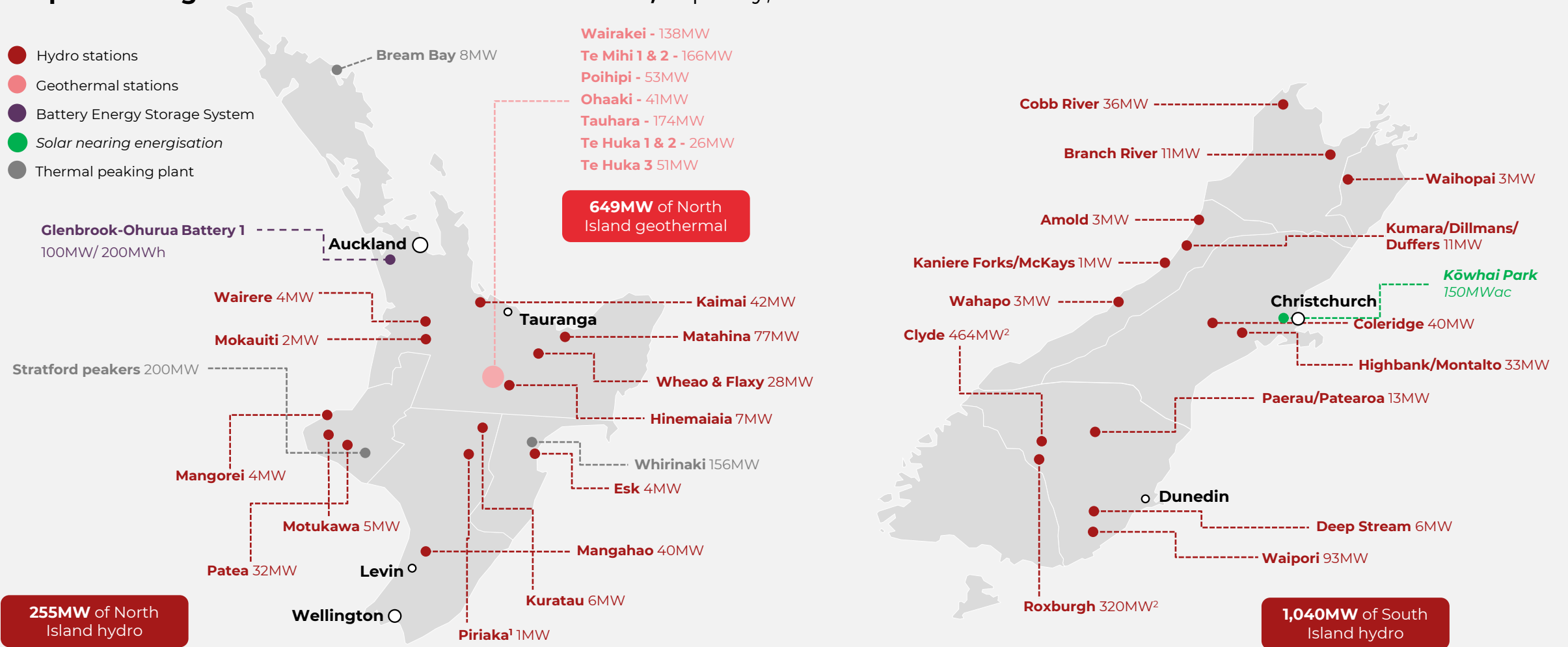
- ROIC +300bps on historical
- \$1.2-1.3B EBITDAF (fully-ramped exit run-rate \$1.3-1.4B)
- Dividend >50cps

1. Each FID to be considered in isolation with all information available at the time. Pending appropriate market conditions and projects meeting returns thresholds. Targets by technology include projects under construction but yet to be delivered at the introduction of Contact31+ i.e. Te Mihi Stage 2 geothermal, Glenbrook-Ohurua Battery 1 and Kōwhai Park solar. | 2. Cost-to-serve per customer. Calculated as total retail opex, excluding acquisition costs and indirect technology costs not directly related to customer service, divided by total number of customers. This differs from \$/connection previously measured under Contact26.



Contact's geographically diversified operating assets

Operational generation assets across New Zealand, capacity, MW¹

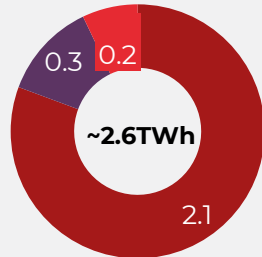


1. Capacity shown is the maximum rated capacity (MCR or nameplate capacity) for each plant, which may differ from the actual operational capacity in a range of circumstances. | 2. Clyde and Roxburgh power stations each form part of the Clutha hydro scheme.

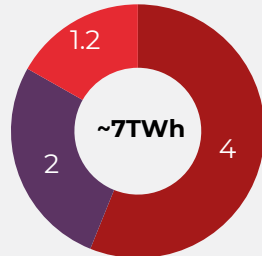
An attractive and diversified pipeline of development options

Combined solar and wind pipeline options of ~10TWh

Solar options



Wind options¹



- Land access secured
- Consenting underway
- Consented

1. Final size of wind projects to be confirmed.
2. Capacity for solar projects is shown as MWac.
3. All available FID timings to be confirmed. These do not represent target FID dates.
4. Consent granted for 500MW of standalone BESS at each of Glenbrook and Stratford, including 300MW investment approved and operational at Glenbrook. Stratford solar consent application includes an additional 150MW of DC coupled BESS.
5. Fluid take partially consented. Ultimate size is dependent on consented mass-take (and for Tauhara 3, additional land access).
6. Kaihiku is a 50:50 JV with 300MW total capacity.

	Project	Technology	Capacity (MW / MWac) ^{1,2}	Estimated output (GWh)	Expected online date	Earliest available investment decision ³	Project status			
							Land secured	Consent lodged	Consented	Under construction
Committed	Kōwhai Park	Solar	150	275	Q3 CY2026					
	Te Mihi Stage 2	Geothermal	101	840	Q3 CY2027					
	Glorit	Solar	150	287	Q4 CY2028					
	Glenbrook-Ohurua 2 ⁴	Battery	200 ⁴	n/a	Q1 CY2028					
High-priority Contact ^{3,1+}	Argyle	Solar	80	180		FY27				
	Stratford ⁴	Solar (hybrid)	150	300		FY27				
	Southland	Wind	>325	1,210		FY27				
	Huriwaka	Wind	250	890		FY27				
	Stratford ⁴	Battery	200	n/a		FY27				
	Tauhara 2	Geothermal	50 - 70	415 - 580		FY27				
	Te Mihi Stage 3 ⁵	Geothermal	Up to 100	Up to 830		FY28				
	Tauhara 3 ⁵	Geothermal	Up to 100	Up to 830		FY30				
	Assessing	Kaihiku (JV) ⁶	Wind	300	1,060					
Kaipara		Solar	100	190						
Pouto		Wind	>400	~1,500						
Hapuakohe		Wind	250	710						
Mackenzie Basin		Solar	250	540						
Ototoka		Wind	150	530						
Marlborough		Wind	100	330						
Moa Creek		Solar	225	490						
Other solar		Solar	400	830						
Other wind		Wind	250	750						